

**Course Name: Analog Electronic Circuits**

**Course Code: EC (EE) 301**

**Credit: 3**

**Prerequisites:**

Sl. No.	Subject	Description	Level of Study
01	Circuit Theory	Kirchoff current law, Kirchhof voltage law, Two port network	Class XII, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Sem
02	Basic Electronics	Semiconductor device	1st Sem, 2nd Sem

**Course Objective:**

- To expose the students semiconductor device, performance characteristics and their application.
- To expose different signal processing technique and characteristics

**Course Outcomes:**

*At the end of the course, a student will be able to:*

1. **Illustrate** working principle of different electronic circuit and their application in real life.
2. **Define** semiconductor device and different operating condition and their performance parameter.
3. **Choose** proper semiconductor devices depending upon application considering economic and technology up-gradation.
4. **Employ** mathematical and graphical **analysis** considering different practical issues modeling of semiconductor device; **analyze** the performance parameter of the system.
5. **Recognize** different signal processing circuit and the **use** in industrial, real life, modern control system application.
6. **Use** modeling/simulation parameters with standard equivalent circuit models to **predict** correctly the expected performance of various general-purpose electronic circuits.

**CO- PO mapping:**

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
1	3	3	2	3	2	3	-	3	-	-	-	-
2	1	1	3	3	3	1	3	3	1	3	-	1
3	2	3	3	2	1	3	3	-	1	-	1	-
4	3	2	2	3	3	3	-	3	2	-	-	3
5	3	2	3	2	3	2	-	3	3	3	1	3
6	3	2	2	1	1	3	2	2	-	1	1	-

**Correlation levels 1, 2 or 3 as defined above: 1: Slight (Low) 2: Moderate (Medium) 3: Substantial (High) and "-" if there is no correlation.**

**Syllabus Indicating CO:**

Module no	Content	Relevant CO's
1	<p><b>Filters &amp; Regulators,</b> Capacitor filters, pi-section filter, ripple factor</p> <p>series and shunt voltage regulator, percentage regulation</p> <p>Concept of SMPS.</p>	<p><b>CO 1, CO 2</b></p> <p><b>CO 3, CO 4</b></p> <p><b>CO 5 ,CO 6</b></p>
2	<p><b>Transistor biasing &amp; stability:</b> Q point, Self Bias-CE, Compensation techniques,</p> <p>h-model of Transistor</p> <p>Expression of voltage gain, current gain, input &amp; output impedance, Trans-resistance &amp; Trans-conductance</p> <p>Emitter follower circuits, High Frequency model of Transistor.</p>	<p><b>CO 1, CO 2</b></p> <p><b>CO 3, CO 4</b></p> <p><b>CO 5 ,CO 6</b></p>
3	<p><b>Transistor amplifier:</b> RC coupled amplifier, Function of all components,</p> <p>Equivalent circuit, derivation of voltage gain, Current gain, Input impedance &amp; output impedance</p> <p>Frequency response characteristics, Lower &amp; upper half frequencies, Bandwidth</p> <p>Concept of Wide band amplifier.</p>	<p><b>CO 1, CO 2</b></p> <p><b>CO 3, CO 4</b></p> <p><b>CO 5 ,CO 6</b></p>
4	<p><b>Feed back amplifier &amp; Oscillators:</b> Concept of Feed back, Negative &amp; Positive feedback,</p> <p>Barkhausen criterion, Voltage/Current, Series/Shunt feedback, Colpitt ,Hartley's, Phase shift, Wien bridge, &amp; Crystal oscillators.</p>	<p><b>CO 1, CO 2</b></p> <p><b>CO 3, CO 4</b></p> <p><b>CO 5 ,CO 6</b></p>
5	<p><b>Operational amplifier:</b> Ideal OPAMP, Differential amplifier,</p> <p>Constant current source (Current mirror etc), Level shifter, CMRR, Open &amp; closed loop circuits,</p> <p>importance of feedback loop (positive &amp; negative), inverting &amp; non-inverting amplifiers,</p>	<p><b>CO 1, CO 2</b></p> <p><b>CO 3, CO 4</b></p> <p><b>CO 5 ,CO 6</b></p>

	Voltage follower/Buffer circuits.	
<b>6</b>	<p><b>Application of Operational amplifiers:</b> Adder, Integrator &amp; Differentiator, , Comparator, Schmitt Trigger, Instrumentation Amplifier, Log &amp; Antilog amplifier</p> <p>Trans-conductance multiplier, Precision rectifier, Voltage to current &amp; Current to voltage converter.</p>	<p><b>CO 1, CO 2</b>  <b>CO 3, CO 4</b>  <b>CO 5 ,CO 6</b></p>
<b>7</b>	<p><b>Power amplifier:</b> Class A, B, AB, C, Conversion efficiency, Tuned amplifier.</p>	<p>CO 1, CO 2  CO 3, CO 4  CO 5 ,CO 6</p>
<b>8</b>	<p><b>Multivibrator:</b> Monostable, Bistable multivibrator, Monostable &amp; Astable Operation using 555 timers.</p>	<p>CO 1, CO 2  CO 3, CO 4  CO 5 ,CO 6</p>
<b>9</b>	<p><b>Special function circuits:</b> VCO &amp; PLL</p>	<p>CO 1, CO 2  CO 3, CO 4  CO 5 ,CO 6</p>

## Gap Analysis

S. No.	Gap	Action taken	Relevance to POs, PSOs
1	<p><b>Modeling of semiconductor device:</b> This is very useful to design electronic circuit for performances estimation, but missing in the syllabus.</p> <p><b>Topics covered:</b> Diode, Transistor, and MOSFET modeling using PSPICE Software.</p>	<p>The PSPICE workshop is arranged, <b>lecture classes, providing notes, and by solving numerical problems.</b></p>	<p><b>PO 1, PO 2,PO3</b></p> <p><b>PO7, PO8</b></p>
2	<p><b>Application of 555 Timer:</b> This topic is very much relevant for manufacturing industries, but missing in the syllabus.</p> <p><b>Topics covered:</b> Gate Pulse generation for control Switch.</p>	<p>Additional <b>lecture classes</b> are organized to cover the topics.</p>	<p><b>PO 1, PO 2,PO3</b></p> <p><b>PO7, PO8</b></p>
3	<p><b>Optical Isolation using semiconductor device:</b> This is an very important topic for isolating power circuit and control circuit, but missing in the syllabus.</p> <p><b>Topics covered:</b> Photo Diode ,Photo transistor etc</p>	<p>These are emergent topics and therefore are covered in continuation with <b>lectures and providing research papers.</b></p>	<p><b>PO 1, PO 2,PO3</b></p> <p><b>PO7, PO8</b></p>
4	<p><b>Different type of Filters :</b> This is an very important topic for Cancelling the unwanted signal, but missing in the syllabus.</p>	<p>Additional <b>lecture classes</b> are organized and <b>practical problems are given</b> (in the workshop) for better understanding and developing</p>	<p><b>PO 1, PO 2,PO3</b></p>

	<b>Topics covered:</b> Butter worth filter ,Band Pass Filter and Band Stop Filter	the real-life problem solving ability.	<b>PO8</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>Transformer Based Amplifier:</b> This is an important topic but missing in syllabus  <b>Topics covered:</b> Class A ,B AB etc push pull amplifier	Additional <b>lecture classes</b> are organized and <b>practical problems are given</b> (in the workshop) for better understanding and developing the real-life problem solving ability.	<b>PO 1, PO 2</b>  <b>PO7, PO8</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>Different types of signal Generation:</b> This is an important topic but missing in syllabus  <b>Topics Covered:</b> sample and hold circuit, triangle wave ,saw tooth gen	Additional <b>lecture classes</b> are organized to cover the topics.	<b>PO 1, PO 2,PO3</b>  <b>PO7, PO8</b>

#### Lecture Plan:

Cl. No.	Date	Topics	Remarks
1		<b>Filters &amp; Regulators,</b> Capacitor filters, $\pi$ -section filter, ripple factor	
2 & 3		series and shunt voltage regulator, percentage regulation	
4		Concept of SMPS.	
5		<b>Transistor biasing &amp; stability:</b> Q point, Self Bias-CE, Compensation techniques,	

6		h-model of Transistor	
7 & 8		Expression of voltage gain, current gain, input & output impedance, Trans-resistance & Trans-conductance	
9		Emitter follower circuits, High Frequency model of Transistor.	
10		<b>Transistor amplifier:</b> RC coupled amplifier, Function of all components,	
11		Equivalent circuit, derivation of voltage gain, Current gain, Input impedance & output impedance	
12 & 13		Frequency response characteristics, Lower & upper half frequencies, Bandwidth	
14		Concept of Wide band amplifier.	
15		<b>Feed back amplifier &amp; Oscillators:</b> Concept of Feed back, Negative & Positive feedback,	
16		Barkhausen criterion, Voltage/Current, Series/Shunt feedback	
17		Colpitts, Hartley's, Phase shift,	
18		Wien bridge, & Crystal oscillators.	
19		<b>Operational amplifier:</b> Ideal OPAMP, Differential amplifier,	
20		Constant current source (Current mirror etc), Level shifter, CMRR, Open & closed loop circuits,	
21 & 22		importance of feedback loop (positive & negative), inverting & non-inverting amplifiers,	
23		Voltage follower/Buffer circuits.	
24		<b>Application of Operational amplifiers:</b> Adder, Integrator & Differentiator, ,	

25		Comparator, Schmitt Trigger, Instrumentation Amplifier, Log & Antilog amplifier	
26		Trans-conductance multiplier, Precision rectifier,	
27		Voltage to current & Current to voltage converter.	
28 & 29		<b>Power amplifier:</b> Class A, B, AB, C,	
30 & 31		Conversion efficiency, Tuned amplifier.	
32 & 33		<b>Multivibrator:</b> Monostable, Bistable multivibrator, Monostable & Astable Operation using 555 timers.	
34 & 35		<b>Special function circuits:</b> VCO & PLL	

### Recommended Books:

1. Microelectronic Circuits, Sedra & Smith, Oxford University Press.
2. Integrated Electronics, Milman & Halkias, Mc Graw Hill Company.
3. Electronic devices & Circuits, Balbir Kumar & Shail B. Jain, PHI.
4. Op-amps and Linear IC's, R.A. Gayakwad, PHI.
5. Microelectronic Circuit- Analysis & Design, Rashid, Cengage Learning.
6. Electronic Circuits: Discrete & Integrated, 3rd Edition, Schilling & Belove, Mc Graw Hill Company.
7. Electronic principles, 6th Edition, Malvino, Mc Graw Hill Company.
8. Operational Amplifier & Linear IC's, Bell, Oxford University Press.
9. 2000 Solved Problems in Electronics, Jimmie J. Cathey, Mc Graw Hill Inc.
10. Electronic Devices -System & Application, Robert Diffenderfer, Cengage Learning.
11. Op- Amps & Linear Integrated Circuits, Ravi Raj Dudeja & Mohan Dudeja, Umesh Publication.